

EXTENDED SKYRME EQUATION OF STATE IN ASYMMETRIC NUCLEAR MATTER

A. Pastore¹, D. Davesne², J. Navarro³

¹Department of Physics, University of York, Heslington, York, YO10 5DD, UK

²Université Lyon 1, 43 Bd. du 11 Novembre 1918, F-69622 Villeurbanne cedex, France CNRS-IN2P3, UMR 5822, Institut de Physique Nucléaire de Lyon

³IFIC (CSIC-Universidad de Valencia), Apartado Postal 22085, E-46.071-Valencia, Spain

The quest of unified equation of state (EoS) which is able to describe all the layers forming a neutron stars, *i.e.* from isolated nuclei to an homogeneous Fermi liquid is one of the major goal of the nuclear-astrophysics community. In the present talk, I will briefly present the results we obtained for a new equation of state and based on the extended Skyrme functional. The parameter of the functional have been constrained by using some microscopic Brueckner- Bethe-Goldstone results. The resulting equation of state reproduces the main features of microscopic calculations very accurately and is compatible with recent measurements of two times Solar-mass neutron stars. Compared to other microscopic-based EoS is also suitable not only to describe ground state properties of the medium, but also excited states which are relevant for other process as neutrino mean-free path.

The second major advantage of the current EoS is that the extension to finite-temperature case can be done in a very simple way and by using proper approximation also analytically. This is a major advantage for numerical code since the EoS is thus calculated at *any* given value of density and temperature.