

## Study of Gamow-Teller transitions from $^{132}\text{Sn}$ via the inverse kinematics (p,n) reaction

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The Gamow-Teller (GT) transition is one of the basic excitation modes in nuclei. In medium or heavier mass region, the spin-isospin collectivity in this mode exhibits the GT giant resonance (GTGR), which gives information critically important for understanding the isovector part of effective nucleon-nucleon interaction. Employing a new experimental technique in inverse kinematics developed recently, we performed the measurement of the charge-exchange  $^{132}\text{Sn}(p,n)$  reaction at 220 MeV/u in inverse kinematics at RIBF in order to extract GT transitions from the key doubly-magic nuclei  $^{132}\text{Sn}$ . The experiment was carried out by using the Wide-angle Inverse-kinematics Neutron Detectors for SHARAQ (WINDS) and the large acceptance SAMURAI spectrometer. The reconstructed excitation energy spectrum shows spin-isospin collective modes up to high excitation energy including the GTGR and spin-dipole resonances, from which the behavior of the spin-isospin collectivity far from the stability will be discussed, in conjunction with the existing data on a long chain of stable Sn isotopes.